

LAST EDITION.

94% MORE MEN...
Were given Employment last week
Through P.-D. WANTS!

Than during same week last year.
973 BY ACTUAL COUNT!

This speaks volumes for the result-producing power of P.-D. Wants and explains their wonderful growth.

THE ONLY ST. LOUIS EVENING PAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.

REGULAR CIRCULATION SUNDAY, APRIL 10, 1898.

125,282.

VOL. 49, NO. 246.

TUESDAY EVENING—ST. LOUIS—APRIL 12, 1898.

PRICE (in St. Louis, One Cent.
Outside St. Louis, Two Cents.)

LAST EDITION.

COMPLETE MARKET REPORTS.

AN ARMY OF WOMEN
Were given Employment last week
Through P.-D. WANTS!

1060 BY ACTUAL COUNT. 24 per cent more
than same week last year.

All the other local English newspapers combined
contained last week only 914 "Help" Female Ads.

SPAIN MUST BE DRIVEN FROM CUBA.

The Senate Foreign Relations Committee Agrees Upon a Resolution Empowering the President to Take Immediate Action.

BURGLARS MAKE
A \$1000 HAUL.

Solomon L. Cohen's Home Entered While Unguarded.

EVERY ROOM WAS RANSACKED.

DIAMONDS, VALUABLE SEALSKIN CLOAK, RINGS AND SILVER-WARE STOLEN.

NO CLEW TO THE ROBBERS.

The Family Was Out and on Returning Early in the Evening Found the Window Open and the Whole House Looted.

Burglars entered the palatial residence of Solomon L. Cohen, 418 Delmar boulevard, through a front window Monday night and carried away over a thousand dollars' worth of diamonds, silverware and clothing.

Detectives are turning the town over trying to locate the burglars. There is no tangible clew.

Monday afternoon Mrs. Cohen and her young daughter went to a matinee, Mr. Cohen was at his real estate office, 203 Chestnut street, the servants were given a half day out, so the house was left unguarded.

The family did not reach home until about 8:30 o'clock in the evening.

They found the front window standing wide open. It had been raised by means of a jimmy.

Rushing through the house, Mr. Cohen found that every room had been ransacked.

An inventory showed that the burglars had taken a sealskin saucier valued at \$250; a pair of diamond earnings, valued at \$200; a diamond ring, valued at \$100; silverware, valued at \$100; clothing and brie-a-brac, valued at \$100; a gold medallion, valued at \$100; and a diamond ring, valued at \$100.

Another souvenir that fell into the burglar's clutches was a revolver of odd pattern—an English cravat.

"There are but four thousand pistols in St. Louis," said Mr. Cohen, "and one of the four is the property of Chief Desmond.

"I did not have sold at any price."

Burglars were seen running haphazardly on the floors, denoting that the burglars did not begin work until after nightfall.

Handcuffs were on some of the tools.

Mr. Cohen's name is worked with silk thread on the inside of her costly sealskin saucier. Of course the little girl's name is on the outside.

With these marks of identification, Mr. Cohen thinks the detectives ought to experience little difficulty in recovering the property.

OFFICER HUNT'S DEATH.

Stetson and Sheldon on Trial Charged With the Patrolman's Murder.

The trial of Frank Stetson and Charles Sheldon, charged with the murder of Police Officer Hunt, is in progress in Justice Flanagan's court.

Peter Hebel, the grocer whose store was robbed by the men, who subsequently shot the police officer, on the witness stand the greater part of the forenoon. The feature of his testimony was a positive identification of Stetson and Sheldon as two of the robbers who held him up in his store.

It was in the pursuit of the robbers that Officer Hunt lost his life. The defense says he was shot in the fact, but the state's attorney, Paul T. Tip, is still at large, and an effort is being made to show that it was he who fired the shot.

THE PRESIDENT SAYS HE IS GRATIFIED.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Cabinet meeting to-day was unimportant. No business of consequence was transacted and nearly the entire session was consumed in conversation concerning the reception of the President's message sent to Congress yesterday. It is stated that although the message does not seem to be in entire accord with the views of many members of Congress, its reception generally throughout the country is very satisfactory to the Administration, the fact that many of the leading newspapers of the country heartily endorse it is especially gratifying to the President. The commendatory tone of leading London papers is also gratifying. On the part of the country in which the message was received, all that was expected by members of the Administration, who express themselves as satisfied with its reception.

JUDGE RUSSELL
WAS PAID \$200.

Charges Made By North End B & L Stockholders.

WAS TO "LEAVE 'EM ALONE."

THE ATTORNEY ADMITS RECEIVING THE MONEY, BUT DENIES THERE WAS COLLUSION.

SECRETARY MACCALLUM TALKS

He Says He Has Always Regarded the Payment of the Check as Being Something Out of the Usual Run.

Stockholders and some of the directors of the North End Building and Loan Association propose to fight it out to the end with H. E. King, Supervisor of the Standard Mercantile and Collection Co. He is charged with grand larceny and petit larceny. The warrants were served Tuesday morning and King is now in jail.

The two receivership applications came up before Judge Tally Tuesday morning and much legal argument was the result. The audience were interested stockholders, among them being William C. Alderson.

"After the two suits had been consolidated and set for Wednesday Mr. Alderson said:

"I am willing to make an affidavit that Gray took my name, kept it in his office seeking redress."

Campbell was issued Monday evening against H. E. King, Holland Building, who represents the Standard Mercantile and Collection Co. He is charged with grand larceny and petit larceny. The warrants were served Tuesday morning and King is now in jail.

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EMPLOYED MEN
TO COLLECT.

H. E. King's Alleged Swindles Yield \$1000 a Month.

THE BILLS WERE IMAGINARY.

COMPELLED HIS COLLECTORS TO PUT UP CASH SECURITY FOR HONESTY.

THEN KEPT THE SECURITY.

Now Mr. King Languishes in Jail and Warrants for Grand and Petit Larceny Have Been Issued Against Him.

The Steering Committee of the House Has Decided Upon a Strong Intervention Measure, Which Will Be the Basis of the Report.

GEN. LEE ARRIVES AT WASHINGTON AND IS NOW MAKING HIS STATEMENT.

THE SERVANT OF CONGRESS.

Special to the Post-Dispatch. WASHINGTON, April 12.—One of the four highest officers of the Government, who has never failed to give to the Post-Dispatch the exact truth of the Cuban situation, said to-day:

"President McKinley feels that he has done his whole duty to the American people, vindicated his patriotism and complied with all the requirements of the emergency.

"He is perfectly satisfied with his course and he hopes Congress, with whom the real war-making power rests, will take the step that seems proper.

"Congress now has the power to make war and put a stop to the barbarities arising from the anarchistic conditions existing in Cuba.

"It is for Congress to say whether the President shall proclaim war.

"The President will proclaim war as soon as Congress authorizes him to do so.

"He is their servant to command.

"He does not believe the Cuban Government, so-called, will accept the concessions of the Spanish throne."

The Senate Resolution Will Be Along the Lines of the One Offered by Senator Foraker a Few Weeks Ago.

IT DECLARES THAT THE CUBANS OUGHT TO BE FREE.

That the Government of the United States Demands That Spain at Once Withdraw Her Forces From the Island.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The Senate Foreign Relations Committee is understood to have practically decided on a resolution for immediate intervention and requiring the evacuation of Cuba by Spain.

The committee remained together at its first sitting until almost 1 o'clock and then adjourned till 3:30 p.m., to hear Consul-General Lee. No vote was taken at the morning session but a conclusion was practically reached. The formal vote was not taken but the committee knew what its report would be when it adjourned at noon. The result was not, however, made public. The best information obtainable is that it will be a declaration for immediate intervention by the United States, and that no action on the part of Spain short of the evacuation of the island by the Spanish forces will satisfy this country.

It is also believed that there is an indirect recognition of the right of the Cubans to freedom and independence.

The committee's conclusion, so far as a conclusion has been reached, is to report all the Foraker resolutions except the second, together with a strong preamble reciting the Maine disaster as cause for deep resentment on the part of this Government. Unless the committee changes its decision the following, in addition to the preamble, are the resolutions which will be reported by the committee:

1. That the people of the Island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent.

2. That the war Spain is waging against Cuba is so destructive of the commercial and property interests of the United States, and so cruel, barbarous and inhuman in its character as to make it the duty of the United States to demand, and the Government of the United States hereby does demand, that she at once withdraw her land and naval forces from Cuba and Cuban waters.

3. That the President of the United States be, and he is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to use, if necessary, the entire land and naval forces of the United States to carry these resolutions into effect.

The Republicans of the House Foreign Affairs Committee are coming together on a resolution for immediate intervention. A member of the committee says that the report will be made tomorrow. It is probable that it will introduce the following resolution which was presented to the House Committee by the Steering Committee to-day:

Resolved, That the war now existing between the Government of Spain and the people of Cuba has been conducted by Spain in flagrant violation of the laws of civilized warfare to such an extent as to shock the moral sense of the nations of the world and to create a condition which, in the language of the President, has become "insufferable" by the United States.

That all diplomatic efforts to terminate the condition have failed.

That the people of the Island of Cuba are and of right ought to be free and independent.

That the President be and he is hereby empowered and directed to forthwith terminate hostilities in Cuba and to secure to the people of the island a stable and independent republican government and that he be and he is hereby authorized and directed to

MADRID HAS THE MESSAGE.

He Goes at Once to the White House, Loudly Cheered on the Way.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Gen. Fitzhugh arrived in Washington at 2:30 o'clock, and, entering a closed carriage, was driven at once up the avenue, a hundred or more bicyclists accompanying the carriage to the Secretary's room.

The carriage belonged to the State Department and Gen. Lee was driven at once through a strong in the corridor. Gen. Lee remained in the building only a few minutes, quickly departing, accompanied by his staff and the Richmond Light Infantry Blues. The Governor welcomed the Consul-General, who made a brief speech. He said that the time for talk was over,

use the land and naval forces of the United States for the purpose of carrying this joint resolution into effect.

The resolution seemed acceptable generally to the Republican members of the committee but when submitted to Senator Davis of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate he pointed out a radical defect in the latter portion of it empowering the President "to secure to the people of Cuba a stable and independent republican government," etc. He said it was his opinion that the Congress had no power to delegate such authority to the President and after considering the matter from that standpoint it was agreed to change the latter portion of the resolution into a declaration that such a form of government should exist in the island.

LINES ON WHICH THE PRESIDENT WILL PROCEED.

He May First Send an Ultimatum to Spain, Notifying Her to Withdraw From Cuba.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—According to a statement made by an official of the Administration, should the President be clothed with authority to use the military and naval forces to intervene solely for the purpose of establishing peace and order in Cuba, he proposes to exercise it first by transmitting to Spain a copy of the resolution with the statement that his obligations require him to carry out the will of Congress and a notification that he will do so at once unless Spain withdraws from the island. In other words, the President will deliver an ultimatum to Spain before making a naval demonstration in the hope that Spain may, at the last moment, consent to a concession of the independence of the people of the island upon an indemnity or upon some other basis which may be satisfactory to all parties involved. If war should then come, whether "holy" or "unholy," he will tell that the responsibility is on Spain.

The one significant sign of peace is that diplomatic relations between the United States and Spain have not been severed as a result of the message sent to Congress. It is true that all of our consults have been called out of Cuba, and this would indicate a preliminary sign of war. But our minister is still at Madrid and Spain's representative is still here. It was supposed that when the President's message went to Congress Spain would at once take umbrage and recall Minister Polo.

She has not done so, nor has the President recalled Minister Woodford. The two Ministers are thus at their posts of duty and in a position to resume negotiations for a definite settlement of the Cuban question, and pending differences between the two countries involving the Maine disaster in the event that Spain should succeed in getting the Cubans to consent to the armistice which the Queen has proclaimed.

For the present the matter is left in the hands of Congress, so far as the President is concerned, but if anything should come of the negotiations which are known to be secretly under way toward securing the independence of Cuba on an indemnity basis there is no doubt that the President would quickly open negotiations with Spain while Congress is deliberating over the form of action it will take. The Administration is not particularly sanguine that the insurgents will consent to Spain's last appeal for peace.

The text of the armistice, which is now in possession of the President, was rather disappointing to the authorities here, and if the full terms had been known sooner the addendum to the President's message, intimating a desire for delay, might not have been inserted.

HOUSE DEMOCRATS FOR INDEPENDENCE.

The Minority of the Foreign Affairs Committee Agree Upon a Resolution.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—It is stated that the House Foreign Affairs Committee will make no report to the House to-day.

The position of the Democratic members of the committee is independence and immediate and armed intervention.

The committee took a recess at noon until 3 o'clock this afternoon.

The Republicans of the House who joined in the conference movement for aggressive action met in the hall of the old Library of Congress at 11 o'clock.

It is probable that a caucus of all the Republicans of the House will be held to determine upon action and instruct the Foreign Affairs Committee to report in accordance with this conclusion.

SENTIMENT CRYSTALLIZING IN FAVOR OF SPEEDY ACTION.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Republican Congressional sentiment is crystallizing against recognition of independence, but favorable to speedy intervention.

The steering committee of the House Republicans are generally agreed to yield the recognition of the existing Government, but favor immediate intervention and a declaration that whatever Government is ultimately recognized in Cuba shall be recognized in form and from the sovereignty of Spain.

In the Senate Mr. Lindsay offered a resolution directing the President in Cuban military operations to act in concert with Gomez.

The House Committee on Foreign Affairs expects to have Gen. Fitzhugh Lee before them this afternoon.

STARTING THE CUBAN BALL ROLLING IN THE SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—In the Senate, Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky, started the Cuban resolutions, with one declaring the United States should co-operate with Gomez in any military operations in Cuba. Wilson of Washington followed with a declaration authorizing the President to use the army and navy to end hostilities and secure a republican government in Cuba. Then came Allen of Nebraska with another declaring a state of war to exist between Spain and the United States, and recognizing independence of the Republic of Cuba. Pettus of Alabama made a legal argument regarding authority to declare and prosecute war. Then Senator Mason of Illinois made a speech in favor of war and recognition of the insurgent Government in Cuba.

SPANIARDS BELIEVE THEY WILL RETAIN CUBA.

Special Cable to the Post-Dispatch.

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MADRID, via Bayonne, France, April 12.—From the Ministers downward, with few exceptions, the Spaniards are convinced that the maintenance of Spanish sovereignty in Cuba is assured now.

They believe that the cessation of hostilities, having been declared without their entering into any positive engagement with the United States, must necessarily lead, through the assistance of the European powers to some settlement satisfactory to their honor and dignity—which means the retention of Cuba and Porto Rico.

ARTHUR E. HOUGHTON,

Special Correspondent of the Post-Dispatch.

THE MESSAGE DOES NOT PLEASE BERLIN.

LONDON, April 12.—According to a special dispatch from Berlin, the impression created at the German capital by President very favorable. In tone, the dispatch continues, is considered dilatory and as not McKinley's message to Congress was not promising peace. The politicians at Berlin, it appears, express opinion that if the President really had peaceful intentions he would have acknowledged Spain's concession of an armistice.

M. N. G. EQUIPMENT MADE READY FOR SHIPMENT.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 12.—All is activity about the State Armory to-day. Adjutant General Bell is having all equipments of the National Guard of Missouri ready for service. The Adjutant General has issued orders to all companies to prepare their equipment for shipment. He has received no orders from Washington, but is going as far as to get ready for war as the State law permits. He believes that war is inevitable.

BABY IN JAIL OVER NIGHT.

Mother and Child Locked Up With Criminals.

THE CHARGES WERE TRIVIAL.

HUSBAND HAD BEEN SICK AND WAS UNABLE TO PAY THE RENT.

LOCKS BROKEN ON THE DOORS.

The Woman Says She Is Innocent and That the Locks and Shutters Were Destroyed by the Landlord's Daughter.

A murmur of indignation ran through the Court of Criminal Correction Tuesday morning, when a woman poorly clad, but with an honest face, clasping a 2-year-old child to her breast, was led with the prisoners for arraignment into the cage adjoining the court room.

The woman was Mrs. Annie Callahan, and the babe at her bosom her only child, Stella.

They had been ever since Monday after-

"Jail's no place for such as these. Release her on her own recognition."

Mrs. Callahan told her story to a reporter. A number of Criminal Court inmates heard her story and inquired as they are to pathos and misfortune, tears crept to their eyes.

In the meanwhile, little Stella and myself live in two basement rooms at 220 Madison street. The property belongs to a man who used to hold a city office. Mike, my husband, is dead and I am very poor, but we were never accused of doing anything wrong. Our rent is only \$35 a month, but when Mike got sick about a month ago, he did not have the money to pay the rent when it was due. We were asked for it several times, but I told my landlord and his daughter that we came for the rent, they did not have the money but that we would pay it as soon as we could.

My husband's daughter, who is a school teacher, and about my own age, came for the rent and told me that she did not want to go to jail to pay up. She said it was all the same to her.

"Next day she came again. She pushed open the door without knocking and walked in. She asked me to let her in. I told her to fix up the lock on the door. Then she broke the hinges off the shutters. She broke the locks on the doors and as she left she again said she would fix us for good.

That afternoon a man came and took out all the windows. He said he had ordered to do so by my landlord. That was more than two weeks ago. When my husband caught a worse cold and was in bed with a few days ago, I put quilts and things over the windows to keep out the cold, but they were not sufficient. When the rain beat against the house it came in on the floor. It was cold all the time and the baby got cold. We were poor and we had to go to the jail guards, some good milk for her. I don't see how they can lock me up for something I



MRS. ANNIE CALLAHAN AND BABE SPENT A NIGHT IN JAIL ON A TRIVIAL CHARGE.

noon in a cell in the city jail, with a motley crowd of criminals.

That the woman was humiliated was apparent. But that she was guilty of any wrong, nearly every one in the courtroom doubted. Honesty was depicted from her large gray eyes, which were too fearless, yet not bold. The child, too young to tell, was a picture of a night spent in jail, and dismayed by the strange surroundings and stern visage of the judge and court officials, nestled in the mother's arms and slept beside those who interested themselves in their behalf.

Mrs. Callahan was charged with malfeasance of property. All the other prisoners had been arraigned. Mrs. Callahan was led before Judge Murphy. She looked questioningly around and then explained to the court that the woman was charged with malicious destruction of property and that she had been locked up over night. She was poor and unable to furnish bond. The amount of the property alleged to have been destroyed was \$100.

The sternness left Judge Murphy's face, and compassionate mercy took its place, for a moment. Two young girls had been arraigned and were led forward and explained to the court that the woman was charged with malicious destruction of property and that she had been locked up over night. She was poor and unable to furnish bond. The amount of the property alleged to have been destroyed was \$100.

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ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH.
Founded by JOSEPH PULITZER.
PUBLISHED BY
THE PULITZER PUBLISHING CO.
Office 513 Olive Street.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

BY CARRIER, ST. LOUIS AND SUBURBS.	10 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Week	40 Cents
Daily and Sunday—Per Month 20 Cents
Sunday—Per Month 20 Cents
BY MAIL—IN ADVANCE.	
Daily and Sunday—Per Annual	\$6.00
Daily and Sunday—Six Months	\$3.00
Daily and Sunday—Per Month 60 Cents
Sunday—Per Annual \$1.00
Sunday—Six Months \$1.00

Daily and Sunday by carrier, in towns outside of St. Louis, 15 cents a week.
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Address all communications to **POST-DISPATCH, St. Louis.**

Entered at the Postoffice at St. Louis as second-class matter.

TELEGRAPH NUMBER.
Business Office..... Main 465. Editorial Room..... Main 1800
The S. C. Beckwith Special Agency,
Agent Foreign Advertising,
45 Tribune Building, New York,
And 465 The Hookery, Chicago

REGULAR CIRCULATION OF THE POST-DISPATCH
...IN MARCH....

Daily, 100,372 Sunday, 123,143

EXECUTIVE TIMIDITY.

The President's message is a cautious legal argument, but not a great state paper. It contains a disappointment for the friends of liberty in Cuba, and a sop for the peace-at-any-price men. Proof of the conscious weakness of the message is found in the apologies and explanations of the President's friends.

There is nowhere in the paper an expression of the sympathy of the American people for the cause of freedom in Cuba. There is no pledge, implied or expressed, that the final government of Cuba will be a free Cuban government. There is nowhere a clear intimation that the forces of the United States will be used to drive Spain from the island. There is nowhere a distinct conclusion plainly deducible from the argument that Spain has forfeited her sovereignty and must leave Cuba in the hands of the Cubans.

While the President draws up a terrible indictment of Spain's misrule and points out the collapse of Spanish sovereignty, he fails in the sentence. He convicts Spain of high crime, but does not prescribe adequate punishment. There is nothing in the message inconsistent with the recognition as the stable government, which the President says must be set up in Cuba, of some form of Spanish sovereignty. In no place does it definitely refer to independence as the object of American intervention. It harks toward compromise.

As to the Maine incident, the message is wholly unsatisfactory. It expresses confidence in the Naval Court of Inquiry and its finding that the Maine was blown up by a submarine mine, but avoids the logical conclusion that the Maine was destroyed by Spaniards. It implies arbitration.

The message conveys the impression that the President was controlled by fear of offending Spain and Spain's friends in Europe, and that he lacked the courage to express the sentiments in the hearts of the American people, and to stand boldly for their principles and their rights. It is indefinite, indecisive and timid.

But there is a clear indication of a desire to shift the issue upon Congress. The vague recommendations offer Congress an opportunity to meet the expectations of the people, to express their sentiments and to accomplish their will. Congress can show what stuff it is made of. Diplomacy is exhausted and destiny plays into the hands of the enemy.

The Circulation of last Sunday's Post-Dispatch was 125,282.

Every day's delay means more poor women and children starved or hammered to death in Cuba.

OUR NON-REPRESENTATIVE ASSEMBLY.

The resume in Monday's Post-Dispatch of the doings of our Municipal Assembly during the session just about to close, will be read with feelings of dissatisfaction by the citizens generally. It tells how these nominally public servants have not represented the people, but the franchise grabbers. They have been so busily engaged in attempts to give away valuable public property that they have neglected about everything else in the line of public work.

And in refusing to consider the demands of 55,000 voters for submission to the people of the merit system amendment to the charter the Council defied the people whose representatives they were supposed to be.

This number of voters is 6000 more than the entire city's vote for Bryan. It is only 9000 less than the entire city's vote for McKinley.

Are the people of St. Louis to manage their own affairs through real representatives in future? Or are the city's affairs and its purse to be autocratically governed by a set of bosses, elected in the guise of public representatives?

The repeated failures of legislative bodies to do the public will indicates either that the people must find a way to elect officials who will represent them, or, if this is found to be impossible, take the law-making power into their own hands.

Yesterday the Post-Dispatch served up to its readers the President's message in full. It was the only afternoon newspaper which printed a verbatim copy of the message. For all the news read the Post-Dispatch.

A SHAM ARMISTICE.

The Spanish armistice is a sham. A truce to be effective must be agreed to by both combatants.

If the insurgents are bandits, as Spain contends, they will go on shooting Spaniards regardless of the truce, and Gen. Llano will have to defend himself. If they are belligerents they must be consulted concerning any such measure.

They have already declared that they will not be a party to any truce, and this makes the scheme an absurd impossibility.

It is to be hoped that the President will not be deceived by any such trick. He has been too lenient already. But if he takes this proposal seriously he will be bamboozled. And Santa Anna will have another laugh at our expense.

It is to be hoped that St. Louis may never have on its hands such another Municipal Assembly as the one now passing out of the old City Hall with so vile an odor.

THE CAUSE FOR WAR.

The peace-at-any-price men who have been plaintively asking what cause of war we have should ponder these words of President McKinley:

"In the name of humanity, in the name of civilization, in behalf of endangered American interests, which give us the right and the duty to speak and to act, the war in Cuba must stop."

There is a cause. The peace President who has been so long masking up his mind says just what has been said by every patriot for the past two months.

After reading these words the sentimentalists and the bondsmen's dupes ought to know why the American people are practically unanimous in this crisis.

And then there is the Maine blown up by a Spanish mine in a Spanish harbor.

As the President says, the condition of affairs in Cuba has been intolerable. Still, we have tolerated it up to date.

ANOTHER FENDER MURDER.

What sentiment does the street car manager, director or stockholder feel when news comes to him that another life has been crushed out on account of a defective fender? When the Lindell managers heard of the murderous killing of 3-year-old Florence Dierking on Monday morning, were they horrified? Did pity seize upon them? Were they shocked? Was there the ghost of a feeling of responsibility aroused in them?

Is it possible that any such sentiments obtained possession of

their breasts when they were notified of this baby's horrible death? Who that believes it can account for the fact that they persistently ignore the demand for fenders that are what they profess to be—life savers?

Saturday a fender saved a child's life on California avenue. Monday a fender allowed a child to be killed on Chouteau avenue. Hit and miss is the work of St. Louis fenders. As the Post-Dispatch has frequently said, not one of them is efficient. The best is only a trap, lacking, as it does, two important features intended by its inventor to make it complete.

In what subtle way does the possession of street car stock and the holding of the office of street railway manager operate to render persons heartless?

How long is this slaughter of the innocents, for the sake of dividends, to continue?

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The Spanish censorship of news in Havana has done Spaniards little good. The world is very well informed as to the Cuban conditions. There is hardly anything more farcical than the attempted suppression of news. Our own Government has, to some extent, been guilty of this Spanish folly.

PINGREE DEFEATED.

Gov. Pingree has been defeated in his effort to bring the railroads of Michigan to their senses and compel them to pay their fair share of taxes to the State, the Legislature having declined to co-operate with him to this end.

One reason for the failure may be found in this telegram sent by the Governor to President McKinley:

"The Collector of Customs at Detroit is here (at Lansing) in charge of the lobby to defeat a bill on railroad taxation. He is assisted by the Collector of Customs from Port Huron. They are reported to be promising positions to members who vote against the bill. May I ask you to have these Federal officers recalled and this abuse of Federal patronage corrected."

This is pernicious activity of the most pernicious kind. Hannan is triumphant in State as well as national politics, and any attempt to reduce the corporations to a condition of law and order is met by the whole power of the national boss.

The highly amusing statement is made that the postscript to the message would not have recommended "just and careful consideration" of the Spanish armistice proposition had the artifice been exposed in time. After all the President's experience of Spanish trickery was again deceived by the most transparent artifice. Was he really deceived?

The war bond loan should unquestionably be made a popular one. With bonds of \$50 at 3 per cent, small investors would have an opportunity such as is seldom offered them. The Government has heretofore issued bonds of this denomination and they were readily taken.

The Supreme Court also thinks that a city has the right to control its streets. It is strange that so plain a matter should ever have become a subject of litigation.

It is to be hoped that Congress will not deliberate too long. Get the Cuban matter out of the way quickly so that the country can think of something else.

It seems bitter medicine for the Administration to extend any aid to the Cuban Republic. It has forgotten how we were aided in the Revolution of '76.

It is said that Mr. McKinley never loses his temper. Probably this is true because otherwise he would have got angry when the Maine was blown up.

Senor Polo is reported in high good humor. He has reason to be as the President was careful not to question Spain's sovereignty over Cuba.

Should we war with Spain the Cuban war will come to an end. Should we not do so, the Cuban war will go on. It is war in any event.

Rottenness in Pennsylvania politics is so well known that Mr. Wanamaker's talk about it is of the nature of ancient history.

Mr. Hanna says the message is the best that could have been written. And who knows if Hanna doesn't?

With street cars on every street the Chouteau avenue horror of yesterday would be repeated many times.

The President's message to Congress on Monday is clearly an assault upon the St. Louis platform.

Some of the severest criticisms of the message came from Republican Congressmen.

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POST-DISPATCH SNAP SHOTS.

The thunder of the war poets would frighten Spain if she were near enough to hear it.

Within the fortnight Uncle Sam may be offering a large reward for Gen. Weyler's whiskers.

If the war in Texas is not soon brought to a close the belligerency of State will have to be recognized by all the great powers.

Had Spain been permitted to look upon the battalions that followed Uncle Henry to the new City Hall, she might have been soothed.

Graus ought to grow much faster, now that it has the stimulus of a double tariff and a big hay trust which cuts both the farmers and the consumer.

The new Browns have at least the distinction of playing the longest game on record. This is much better than the old Browns' record of merely worst games.

The Boston Advertiser has been expecting the people to give an unwavering support to Mr. McKinley's wavering policy. There are some Boston ideas that are very queer.

Politics must be warming in Pennsylvania when John Wanamaker is "narrating around" that Boss Quay's great tariff speech was not prepared by Quay himself.

The Havana Spaniards have indulged in all kinds of "blowing." But they made themselves more ridiculous than ever.

Not a few masculine readers took a peep into the feminine supplement accompanying Sunday's big illustrated Post-Dispatch. Men do not want their mothers, wives, sisters or sweethearts to grow old.

It is quite clear that some of the editors in Texas carry deadly weapons. Two have recently been shot down, but both killed their antagonists. It is pretty near time to disarm Texas editors and their families.

The startling announcement in yesterday's Post-Dispatch of packages of gun for 5 cents must have for a time diverted public attention from both the President's message and Uncle Henry's celebration.

The instance of the old man and the old woman in Pennsylvania, who recently starved to death, though they had plenty of money to buy food, might be offered by the apologists of Spain to show that starvation is not so distressing as it has been pictured.

So they news in India is to the effect that Mr. and Mrs. Thambyanayagamillai are now on a visit to Kovilakuliruppu.

Mr. Thambyanayagamillai is the son of Judge G. S. Arlanna-gamillai and son-in-law of Mr. A. Jambulingamudal. As the names of father and son so differ in this case, except as to length, Judge Arlanna-gamillai must be merely Mr. Thambyanayagamillai's step papa.

It is to be hoped that St. Louis may never have on its hands such another Municipal Assembly as the one now passing out of the old City Hall with so vile an odor.

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ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

W. C.—George Washington died Dec. 14, 1799.

READER.—Easter Sunday in 1859 fell on April 24.

G. A. J.—"Razzle-Dazzle" is sung in Hoyt's "A Brass Monkey."

SUBSCRIBER.—Commodore Schley's name is pronounced "Schley."

O. E. F.—The captain of the Maine was Father Chidwick, a Roman Catholic priest.

A. RADIN.—The Southern electric cars run down Pestalozzi street, coming north and up Arsenal street going south.

J. P. E.—The American Ambassador to Germany is Andrew J. White. His headquarters are at Berlin. There is also a Consul-General at Berlin, Julius Gouwensmidt. There is a Consul-General at Frankfurt, and Consuls at Hamburg, Munich and other large cities.

FRANK MCGILL.—The distance between New York and Liverpool is 350 miles. The fastest time across the Atlantic was made by the Cunarder "Queen of the Ocean," Jan. 10, 1897, 22 minutes.

"Neither the Kaiser nor his Foreign Minister was attracted by the proposition of mediation coming from the Emperor of Austria-Hungary, and they gave it only lukewarm support at Washington."

The foregoing statement was made to the Post-Dispatch correspondent by a man,

PRINCE OF WALES' ODD WHEEL. MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER IN GERMANY.

Consel-General Du Bois reports that in the following cities in the German Empire, the municipal authorities own and manage the electric works that supply light and power to the cities.

Prussia: Berlin, Bremen, Hamburg, Hanover, Cologne, Konigsberg, Lubec, and Pforzheim.

Baden: Karlsruhe, Offenbach, Darmstadt, Dusseldorf, Stuttgart, and Freiburg.

Württemberg: Stuttgart, Ulm, and Freiburg.

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SPORTING NEWS.

THEY GO IN AND OUT. ANOTHER BIG MATCH, AT THE FAIR GROUND.

BALTIMORE STRIKERS CAPITULATE, BUT CHICAGO MEN JUMP THE TROLLEY.

BURNS' TEAM IN TROUBLE.

Friend and Griffiths Leave the White Stockings and Have Gone, No One Knows Where.

There are telegrams from New Orleans and Baltimore this morning, both of great interest to the managers of National League Clubs.

The Baltimore dispatch says that the eight Baltimore men who have been Manager Hanson have come to terms and that now all is lovely in the nest of the Orioles.

The dispatch says that Keeler, Kelly and Jennings have all concluded to jump in and play ball and help Hanlon out in the opening championship games. The only hold-out now on the Baltimore team is Joe Corbett, their pitcher. He is in California and says he will stay there till Hanlon comes to his terms.

The dispatch from New Orleans is of more importance to the St. Louis public than the one from Baltimore. It says that Griffiths and Friend, the two stars of the Chicago and that there is demoralization in the ranks of that team. The Chicago may be first in the National League, but demoralization in the team may help out the Browns a little.

Manager Hurst has sent on East to try and sign Mahoney, a first baseman like the George Town University team. If he gets his team this time will be played at first for the Browns, then one more championship game with Chicago on Friday and the demoralization in the team may help out the Browns a little.

The Browns and Milwaukeeans played another game yesterday and this time the Browns put on their batting clothes and won by this long score:

	A. R.	H.	O. A.	E.	
AB. R. H. O. A. E.					
Dowd, c. f.	5	1	0	0	5
Holmes, l.	5	3	3	0	5
Cross, s.	5	1	1	1	3
Paderewski, 2b.	5	0	1	1	1
Hall, 3b.	5	1	2	1	3
Ford, 2b.	5	2	1	1	0
Clemente, c.	5	2	1	1	0
Angelen, p.	2	1	2	0	3
Hoppe, p.	2	0	0	0	0
Higgin, p.	1	0	1	0	0
Total	45	17	20	19	52
MILWAUKEE					
AB. R. H. O. A. E.					
McBride, c. f.	5	1	2	0	5
Wauver, l.	5	0	1	2	0
Waldron, r. f.	5	1	3	0	5
Day, 2b.	5	0	1	2	0
Angelen, c.	5	1	2	1	0
Paderewski, p.	2	0	1	0	0
Total	40	5	18	24	50
TOTAL	85	22	38	34	102
St. Louis	0	3	2	3	5
Milwaukee	0	1	0	2	1
Total	0	3	2	3	5
St. Louis	16	1	1	0	17
Milwaukee	2	0	0	0	0
Total	18	1	1	0	19

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MILWAUKEE

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Wauver, l.

Waldron, r. f.

Day, 2b.

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Paderewski, p.

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IGNORANCE AT BARRACKS.

Maj. Wessells Says Its Density
Is Impenetrable.

WHY SOLDIERS KNOW NOTHING.

RULES OF DRAFTING WHEN THE VOLUNTEER LIST IS EXHAUSTED.

BARRACKS ALWAYS READY.

Troops Could Not Be Moved Earlier Than Twelve Hours, Which Is as Soon as Transportation Could Be Arranged.

It Jefferson Barracks were a post situated way out West, in Montana, perhaps, or may be upon the arid plains of Arizona, this latest bit of intelligence from the garrison would begin after the usual war correspondent's fashion, as for instance:

"I have just seen Maj. Wessells, commander of the post, and he assures me that he has as yet received no instructions from the Department at Washington regarding the arrival of the Eleventh Infantry at Jefferson Barracks. Neither has he been told the date set for the Third Cavalry to move East."

But as Jefferson Barracks is a part of St. Louis, as legitimate a local news field as the Four Courts, the latest tidings from the post must be told in a much less pretentious way. Summed up, the latest from Jefferson Barracks is about as uninteresting as touching upon the Spanish-American situation as a chapter from Pilgrim's Progress.

At the same time the ignorance of the commanding officer is noteworthy, as showing one of Uncle Sam's customs at such ticklish periods as this happens to be. The men at the barracks, from the Major down to the sun-tanned and weather-beaten individual who was driving the sprinkling cart over the pine in front of the officers' quarters Tuesday, are but servants of Uncle Sam, and like other good servants they do their duty, ask no questions, anticipate no orders, but to wait until they are told and then to do it. It is a rule with Uncle Sam, as it is with every other master who has great responsibilities resting upon his shoulders, not to tell his business to anybody, not even to his trusted servants.

Such a course seems the only natural way to run a service, but the public civilians don't stop to think, as a rule, regarding the customs and conventions of the military, and it is this lack of thought to these matters that the men at Jefferson Barracks laugh in the faces of earnest reporters who go down there after news.

Maj. Wessells is glad nowadays to see a reporter from the St. Louis newspapers for the reason that he is able to give the exact few points on the subject of the garrison situation. When a Post-Dispatch man called on the commander Tuesday morning it was the man's duty to ask him, "Hello, there! What's the latest about the war?"

The man was asked when the Eleventh Infantry which was recently ordered to report to Jefferson Barracks would arrive. The major said:

"I am going to carry my pistol after this and pepper the next man who asks me to tell him something I don't know anything about. I am tired of being asked and likewise tired of explaining. I am an ignorant man about such matters that could be hit upon."

"I make me tired, this thing of reading in the papers that relations between Spain and we were likely to go to war. But you don't suppose Mr. McKinley or Secretary Alger, or Gen. Miles, or anybody else written to me to load my gun, and tell the men to ready to receive marching orders, do you? Who, man, we are always ready; our guns are always loading."

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"If we were ordered west, we could be ready to move by the time the train was run up to transport us. We have always been prepared, and are prepared to move no earlier than ten days ago. The men are to start within 12 hours. I don't think a train can be made up and brought here ready to start in any shorter period."

Then the Eleventh Infantry is due to arrive here and the Third Cavalry is due to start from Jefferson Barracks to the East. Something I expect to read in the Post-Dispatch. These matters are announced officially in Washington, and you get it in the papers next instant. I don't know what the army would do without newspapers."

"I am another thing I'd like for you to find out for me, where we are going to embark in case we are sent away. I'm sure I don't know."

"Men are asked, as a military man, to furnish information to the master of drafting in case of war, such as the war of interest at this time, especially to the wife and sons of husbands who are being torn from home to shoulder a musket."

"Even upon this topic the Major's knowledge was limited, because he said the conditions of a country, socially and politically, governed the rules for drafting, so that in no case were the drafting rules the same."

"For example," said the Major, "the age limit for drafting men will depend upon the social and political conditions of a war at this time we would have all the volunteers we needed, and there would be no necessity for drafting. If such a necessity arose, however, we could still afford to be very strict and strict in the quality of men drafted."

"The men of previous years, married and unmarried men, each must go if called upon. If a drafted man furnished a substitute, he would be subject to a second draft. If he becomes a soldier, the men of the Governor of each State will furnish the number of able-bodied men in his State, and the draft board will then make a selection with respect to the percentage of population of each State. Only able-bodied men in the draft age will be liable for drafting. The slightest disorder and chronic ailment would disqualify men from military service."

JACK RABBITS FOR THE PARK.
Twelve Pairs From Kansas Received and Turned Loose.

Twelve pairs of jackrabbits from Kansas were turned loose in Forest Park Tuesday. They were ordered by Park Commissioner Ridgeley, several weeks ago, and were received and turned loose by the State of Wichita. They are magnificent specimens. One buck measuring 32 inches in length. They are 16 inches in circumference and 32 to 34 inches in length. In barley the advance is 12 and 10% cents a cental, while since Thursday May has gone up from \$1.25 to \$1.50, cental, a cental equal to 100 ton, and December from \$1.25 to 10.11 or 10% cents a cental or \$1.50 a ton.

Dr. Bull's Soothing Syrup, the old reliable, will cure all cases of cough or cold.

IN THE NEW OFFICES.

CITY OFFICIALS AT WORK TUESDAY, AFTER MONDAY'S HOUSE WARMING.

VISITORS ARE NUMEROUS.

Circuit Judges Call in a Body on the Mayor and Inspect the Various Apartments.

HE WAS AT BALAKLAVA.

GRAY-HAIRED HERO OF SEBASTOPOL WILL RAISE A REGIMENT.

JANITOR AT POLICE STATION.

William Maloney Has Seen War in Many Lands, but Is Ready to Fight for Honor of His Flag.

THE Bell Telephone Company OF MISSOURI

COPPER METALLIC CIRCUIT.

Unlimited service, direct Circuit; equipped with Long Distance Instruments.

Unlimited service, 2-party line; equipped with Long Distance Instruments.

Message rate service, direct circuit or 2-party line; equipped with Long Distance Instruments.

Auxiliary Telephones for large business houses.

Extension Telephones; Movable Desk Sets or Regular Wall Sets.

SOUND PROOF TELEPHONE BOOTHS.

SPECIAL TELEPHONE SYSTEMS

For Hotels, Office Buildings, Factories, Stores and Residences furnished and maintained.

The Bell Telephone Company of Missouri,

Contract Department, Telephone Building, Tenth and Olive Sts., St. Louis, Mo.

TWO RUNAWAY LADS.

LEFT WEST END HOMES AND "HOBED" THEIR WAY TO CLEVELAND.

VERY GLAD TO BE CAPTURED.

Theodore Hirschberg and Herbert Johnson Tell of Their Adventures as Passengers in a Box Car.

From Mrs. Rank to Mrs. Pinkham.

RETAIL GROCERS' ASSOCIATION.

LIBRARIAN CRUNDEN CONVALESCENT.

OLD VOLUNTEER FIREMAN BURIED.

OPP. MR. FORTRESS MONROE.

MISSOURI EXCHANGE BOARD.

WIDOW OF MRS. KLAUSMANN.

HURRYING BACK TO COAST.

OLD W. S. STONE.

SINGULAR STATEMENT.

ST. CLAIR COUNTY BONDS.

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL R. R.

ST. LOUIS & CO. R. R.

ST. LOUIS-PERIODIC LINE.

ST. LOUIS & HANNIBAL & CO. R. R.

IN A PRIVATE CHAPEL

OAKLAND HALL RESOUNDS TO
THE MUSIC OF APRIL WED-
DING BELLS.

MR. M'MENAMY TO MISS GHIO.

Miss Belle Martin Weds Mr. F. E. Farrell—Miss Josephine Hill to Mr. Lee Travers—Other Weddings.

Oakland Hall, the country residence of the McMenamy family, at Normandy, was the scene of a sumptuous wedding Tuesday evening. Mr. Joseph McMenamy, realty broker, and Miss Elizabeth Ghio, daughter of James G. Ghio of Wallingford, were united in marriage. Rev. Fr. Michael McMenamy, brother of the groom, officiated.

The ceremony was performed in the private chapel in Oakland Hall, only the relatives and near friends of the family being present.

This will be the first information of the wedding to many, as the family had not issued any invitations.

Both bride and groom are well known in society. "Tranquilla," the country home of the bride's family, is familiar to members

of the McMenamy family.

FARRELL—MARTIN.

Splendid Wedding of Miss Belle Martin to Mr. F. E. Farrell.

At 7 o'clock this (Tuesday) evening, will occur the wedding of Miss Belle Martin, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Martin, of 1016 Grand Avenue, performing the ceremony. The house will be converted into a fairy land of pink and white spring blossoms for this occasion. The wedding ceremony the bridal party will stand beneath a canopy of carnations and feathered asparagus ferns, decorated here and there with knobs of pink ribbon.

Smilax with heavy clusters of Mernet roses will decorate the main entrance, palms are to be ranged along the staircase.

The wedding party will be preceded by lit

le Miss Elizabeth, a niece of the bride,

who will carry a basket of loose spring flowers to scatter in their path. This little scene will be repeated at the entrance, pink silk, the waist low and round and finished with a fall of cloudy chiffon.

The bride's gown will be of white organza, edged with a pink lace, and will be made high with long sleeves, tucked on a bias.

They will carry shower bouquets of Carnation roses, fringed with lilles of the valley. The wedding veil will be fastened



MRS. F. E. FARRELL, NEE MARTIN.

of the exclusive set and is remembered for its grand receptions.

It is understood it was Father McMenamy who first suggested the wedding at the home chapel. It was beautiful in its simplicity, though considered an important event for instance since the late decree of the diocesan synod forbidding home weddings among Catholics, where Archbishops had a hand in the matter. The privilege was due to the existence of the private chapel, which in itself is a rarity in this country. There was not a wedding in the United States, and the privilege for its existence came from the late Archbishop of St. Louis, in 1872, who, as archbishop, resided in Rome, and the papal concordat at Rome, where he assumed so much prominence, secured this privilege for Mrs. McMenamy, the mother of the bride, Mrs. McMenamy, one of the earliest settlers in the city.

Since that time her children have grown, and two sons and two daughters are now in residence.

All this recalled makes more picturesque the quiet wedding. The chapel was lavishly decorated with green and gold.

The bride procession formed in the parlors and moved to the chapel, on the other side of the hall, the bride leaning on her father's arm. The marriage ceremony followed.

Mr. Xavier McMenamy, a candidate in the election in the Jesuit order, assisted his brother. At the conclusion of the ceremony, the party assisted at the celebration of mass. At conclusion of mass, the chalice was borne to the altar, the host was served after the ceremony.

The bride is the granddaughter of Mr. and Mrs. John J. Loar of Jacksonville, who married in the year 1850. Rev. Mr. Chouteau, also of Jacksonville, will be groomsmen.

The ceremony will be followed by a reception, from 6 to 8 o'clock, in the family room, 388 Delmar boulevard.

Mr. Farrell and his bride leave to-night for the East, to travel three weeks before returning to their future home in St. Louis, where they will be at home May 9, 10, and 11.

At the wedding the bride will wear a cluster of natural orange blossoms sent to her from California by Miss Hattie Ringling of this city, who at present is visiting in San Barbara.

DORR—HANCOCK.

Granddaughter of the Late Gen. Hancock Married in Clarkdale.

The wedding of Miss Ada Elizabeth Hancock to Mr. Alfred Dorr, occurred at high noon to-day (Tuesday) in St. George's Chapel, at Clarkdale, Miss., in the presence of a large number of relatives and friends.

In accordance with the Easter custom, the party little church was elaborately decorated with greenery, white lilies, and white roses, massed above the altar.

The church was banked on either side of the altar with greenery, white lilies, and white roses, massed above the altar.

The chancel was banked on either side of the altar with greenery, white lilies, and white roses, massed above the altar.

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SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

20 words or less, 5c.
BAKER—Wanted, situation by first-class baker with 15 years' experience; city or country. Ad. Wm. H. Miller, 108 N. 12th st.

BAKER—Wanted, sit. by a young practical baker; can meet all branches; references for sober, industrious and good workman; city or country. Ad. W. T. Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—Sit. wanted as bookkeeper, shipping and receiving department with hardware and agriculture; Al ready and bond. Ad. H. D. Post-Dispatch.

BOOKKEEPER—Situation wanted as bookkeeper; manufacturing business preferred; am first class, the best; 20 years old and married; have had 13 years' experience; will furnish unquestionable ref.; salary \$125 per month. Ad. Chas. E. Caselli, 208 N. Orange st., Peoria, Ill.

BOY—A good, strong boy of 17 would like work of any kind. Ad. C. C. Post-Dispatch.

BOY—15 years old; German descent, wishes work; office preferred. Ad. Louis, 4047 Fairfax av.

BOY—Wanted, a sit. by a good boy for dish washing and to attend to horses. 2131 Locust st.

MAN WANTED—Competent man for dining room and physician's office work; references required. 2808 Olive st.

MAN WANTED—One that understands gardening and caring for flowers and shrubs; no washing and mowing; 7 years' experience as a clerk and good references and bond. Ad. F. T. Post-Dispatch.

COACHMAN—Situation wanted by young Swede as coachman; sober and industrious; city references. Ad. L. 213, Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Wanted, sit. by a colored man; first-class hotel cook and baker; wife No. 1 laundry; city or country; references. Ad. W. T. Post-Dispatch.

COOK—Wanted, situation by man and wife; good family; woman good cook; man good driver and sober; no children. Ad. L. 74, Post-Dispatch.

COUPLE—Man and wife, white, no children, want situation in private home to look after and do laundry; good driver; to drive and help with first-class in every particular; 7 years' experience; best refs. Ad. G. 74, Post-Dispatch.

DISTRIBUTOR—Wanted to distribute samples and literature; own conveyance; can give good refs. Ad. Will E. Farnsworth, 108 N. 12th st.

DESIGNER—Wanted, by competent young man, position as designer or assistant cutter in custom tailoring establishment; salary no object, as practical experience is desired. Ad. N. 64, Post-Dispatch.

DRUG CLERK—Wanted, a position as relief drug clerk. Ad. X. 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted, position of trust and responsibility by man of extensive and valuable business experience; good correspondence. Ad. B. 88, Post-Dispatch.

MANSERVANT—Situation experienced with horses, cows, garage, flowers, furnaces, tools, etc. Ad. S. 20, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted, sit. by a young man, 20 years old, to take care of electric elevators and lights in building; can give ref. Ad. A. 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wants sit. with experience with horses, cows, garage, flowers, furnaces, tools, etc.; latest refs. Ad. B. 44, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man wishes work of any kind in wholesale or business house. Ad. M. 68, Post-Dispatch.

AN—Situation wanted by a young, 21, with 5 years' experience at office work and collecting; Ad. S. 68, Post-Dispatch.

AN—Young man wishes situation of any kind, in or out of city; good references. Ad. M. T. 71, Post-Dispatch.

AN—Wants sit. with experience with horses, cows, garage, flowers, furnaces, tools, etc.; latest refs. Ad. B. 44, Post-Dispatch.

AN—Situation wanted by a young man of 20; would like to work on farm. Ad. D. 72, Post-Dispatch.

AN—Wants sit. as fireman, engineer, janitor, waiter, cook, anything; speaks Spanish; abstracter; recently returned from Cuba. Ad. T. 74, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted, situation by quiet, sober, industrious man to work around house, lawn, cow, horse, etc. refs. Ad. L. 71, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted, sit. with firm of any kind; where there is a change in business; afraid of any kind of work; can speak German; object, position more than salary. Ad. D. 74, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wanted, sit. by a man that is a good all-around man; good engineer; all-around good man. Ad. T. 73, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—A young man, a short time from Germany, wishes a position of any kind; speaks only German. Ad. A. 74, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Would like to do some house cleaning; wash carpets; will work cheap. Ad. P. 73, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Sit. wanted by a man and wife; woman as cook; man to care for stock and work around place. Ad. C. O. S., 1412 N. 12th st.

MAN AND WIFE—Experienced janitor and wife would like either to take care of office or work for family. Ad. T. 73, Post-Dispatch.

OFFICER—Wanted, a position by a steady young man; on charge of small office. Ad. A. 74, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wants a position on the road; capable of selling goods with a reliable firm. Ad. T. 72, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, situation as salesman in general store; experience; refs. moderate. Ad. S. 27, Post-Dispatch.

SOLICITOR—Wanted—Litigator in general store; \$25 daily. Ad. 1723 Washington st., 8 or morning.

TAILOR—Wanted—Coatmaker at once. 305 Marion st.

TAILOR—Wanted—2 custom pants makers at once. Schneider & Son, 1904 Franklin av.

SHOEMAKER—Wanted—10 showers at 12th and Washington av. Wm. Ryan.

SHOEMAKER—Wanted—Litigator in general store; refs. moderate. Ad. S. 27, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, a position as office man, bookkeeper, bill clerk; 6 years' experience; best references. Ad. K. 43, Post-Dispatch.

PRINTER—Wanted, a position by a steady young man; on charge of small office. Ad. A. 74, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wants a position on the road; capable of selling goods with a reliable firm. Ad. T. 72, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, situation as salesman in general store; experience; refs. moderate. Ad. S. 27, Post-Dispatch.

STOKEFITTER—Sit. wanted by a stoker; have had several years' experience; or fireman. Ad. T. 73, Post-Dispatch.

WATCHMAN—Wanted, sit. as private watchman or driver of delivery wagon, by married man, sober and industrious. Ad. O. 72, Post-Dispatch.

WATCHMAN—Pants to order. Morris Tailoring Co., 215-217 N. 8th st., near Olive.

UP—Shirts and overcoats to order. Morris Tailoring Co., 215-217 N. 8th st.

TEAM AND WHEELER HOLDER—WANTED—20 words or less, 10c. Business Announcements, 10c per line.

BARBER WANTED—Good barber. 117 Plaza st.

BLACKSMITH WANTED—One carriage blacksmith. Ad. 151 Franklin.

BLACKSMITH WANTED—First-class carriage blacksmith on wagon work. Moran & O'Toole C. and W. Co., 4308 Spruce st.

BOY WANTED—Strong boy, 15 or 16 years, to learn star building trade. 23 S. 15th st.

BOY WANTED—A stout colored boy for saloon work, with city refs. 110 N. 3d st.

BOY WANTED—Colored boy for house and dining room work in small family; best references required; no hotel; boy wanted. 5544 Bates av., Catalogue.

BOY WANTED—Young colored boy, not over 15, for porter work in drug store. 4109 Olive st.

BOY WANTED—10 or 12 years old, to scrub steps and run errands; must come well recommended. 4302 Forest Park, st.

BOY WANTED—2 experienced pants boys. 4022 N. 12th st. Mr. Moxie Burns.

TEACHER WANTED—A fine brass band; one that can play an instrument; 10 members. Ad. F. W. D. D. 74, Post-Dispatch.

BUSINESS MAN—Two busmen at the Globe Show at the 10th and Franklin.

CANVASSERS WANTED—Everywhere; quick sales and low prices. Ad. Novelty Co., 3212 S. 7th st.

CARPENTERS AND CARRIERS WANTED—Apply at 2800 De Kadt.

CLERK WANTED—Experienced, sober, white clerk, house and goods and office work. 7 p. m., 6118 Hertel st.

COATMAKER WANTED—Good washer in store. Tico, Brinkman, 11th and Franklin.

COOK WANTED—Man to cook and attend to the dining room; note but honest, reliable ones need apply; bring good references. 3107 Washington av.

COOKS—Wanted—German or Swedish men for farm; 2 first-class cooks. 2111 Franklin av., rear.

CARPENTERS WANTED—6 ship carpenters and 2 deck hands for ship job; standard wages; places guaranteed. 113 N. 12th st., 2d floor.

DRUG CLERK WANTED—Bell Avenue Pharmacy, Bell and Suburban, H. R. Post-Dispatch.

DETECTIVE WANTED—Some one to take part of detective; one riding bicycle preferred. Ad. F. T. 73, Post-Dispatch.

FINISHER AND SANDER WANTED—1 first-class finisher and 1 sander for general work. Miller & Bayle Show Co., 107 S. 22d st.

HOMESTEAD WANTED—For man to work around house. Ad. C. 328 Castlemore av.

HOMESTEAD WANTED—Exchange places with all summer.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

14 words or less, 10c. Business Announcements, 10c per line.

APPRENTICE WANTED—To learn dressmaking. 2045 Olive st.

girl—Wanted, situation by girl who is an experienced housemaid; refs. 4540 Arcos av.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

14 words or less, 10c. Business Announcements, 10c per line.

LABORERS WANTED—10 laborers. Burlington roundhouse, foot Humboldt st.

LABORERS WANTED—Laborers for grading and filling. Call 5461 Von Versen av., new building.

LABORERS WANTED—Good concrete laborers on Fair av. and Penrose st.

LABORERS WANTED—50 laborers at 11th and Locust as part of a general Conduit Co.

LABORERS WANTED—Sewer laborers at Thurman bl. and Shaw st.; Al Louis Quality and Construction Co.

MAN—if you desire steady employment and can invest a few hundred dollars in an enterprising manufacturing company write us. Ad. J. T. Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—To work around the house. 4416 Lindell av.

MAN WANTED—Man or boy for dish washing and to attend to horses. 2131 Locust st.

MAN WANTED—Competent man for dining room and physician's office work; references required. 2808 Olive st.

MAN WANTED—One that understands gardening and caring for flowers and shrubs; no washing and mowing; 12 years' experience as a clerk and good references and bond. Ad. F. T. 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—Man with small capital to work with a photographer on salary. Ad. H. 74, Post-Dispatch.

MAN AND WIFE WANTED—Colored man and wife to work around house and tend house; wife to wash and iron. 5406 Maple av.

MAN WANTED—To work around the place and wait on invalids; bring references. 110 N. Locust st., N. Mandeville Store, Normandy, Mo. Taft St. L. & Suburban electric cars.

MAN WANTED—20 men at 10th and St. Charles. Tim Malone.

MAN WANTED—Men with hatchets on 21st and Locust st.

MAN WANTED—Competent man for dining room and physician's office work; references required. 2808 Olive st.

MAN WANTED—One that understands gardening and caring for flowers and shrubs; no washing and mowing; 12 years' experience as a clerk and good references and bond. Ad. F. T. 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—To sell 25th edition of Alaska gold mine showing new post man's route; \$100 a month. Ad. 12, Post-Dispatch.

MAN WANTED—Experienced man to work on furniture; bring references. Ad. A. 72, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Wants sit. with experience with horses, cows, garage, flowers, furnaces, tools, etc.; latest refs. Ad. B. 44, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Young man wishes work of any kind in wholesale or business house. Ad. M. 68, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Situation wanted by a man that is a good all-around man; good engineer; all-around good man. Ad. T. 73, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—A young man, a short time from Germany, wishes a position of any kind; speaks only German. Ad. A. 74, Post-Dispatch.

MAN—Would like to do some house cleaning; wash carpets; will work cheap. Ad. P. 73, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Sit. wanted by a man and wife; woman as cook; man to care for stock and work around place. Ad. C. O. S., 1412 N. 12th st.

MAN AND WIFE—Experienced janitor and wife would like either to take care of office or work for family. Ad. T. 73, Post-Dispatch.

OFFICER—Wanted, a position by a steady young man; on charge of small office. Ad. A. 74, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, situation as salesman in general store; experience; refs. moderate. Ad. T. 72, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, a position as office man, bookkeeper, bill clerk; 6 years' experience; best references. Ad. K. 43, Post-Dispatch.

PRINTER—Wanted, a position by a steady young man; on charge of small office. Ad. A. 74, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wants a position on the road; capable of selling goods with a reliable firm. Ad. T. 72, Post-Dispatch.

SALESMAN—Wanted, situation as salesman in general store; experience; refs. moderate. Ad. S. 27, Post-Dispatch.

SOLICITOR—Wanted—Litigator in general store; \$25 daily. Ad. 1723 Washington st., 8 or morning.

TAILOR—Wanted—Coatmaker at once. 305 Marion st.

TAILOR—Wanted—2 custom pants makers at once. Schneider & Son, 1904 Franklin av.

SHOEMAKER—Wanted—Custom shoemaker at 12th and Washington av. Wm. Ryan.

SHOEMAKER—Wanted—Litigator in general store; refs. moderate. Ad. S. 27, Post-Dispatch.

MAYOR'S SONS ARE HEROES.

Eugene and Henry Ziegenhein
Save a Family From Death.

BROKE IN A BURNING HOUSE.

AROUSED MICHAEL FEY, WIFE
AND CHILDREN, DRAGGED
THEM OUT.

NEARLY SMOTHERED BY SMOKE.

Two Brave Lads Perform an Act of
Bravery Which Adds to the Lau-
rels of Uncle Henry—A
Thrilling Rescue.

The heroism of two sons of Mayor Ziegenhein saved the family of Michael Fey, 293 South Second street, from cremation, early Tuesday morning.

The lads, Eugene, aged 17 years, and Henry, aged 15 years, broke into the burning building, fought their way through flames, and literally dragged the family from the jaws of a horrible death.

The brave boys who escaped unburnt is the most fortunate of the attendants unburnt.

Fey, his wife and six small children, had retired at 10:30 o'clock Monday night. Worn out by the smoke, the man's sleep was deep and heavy.

Mrs. Fey believed it was after 1 o'clock when she awoke, and she at once was attracted to a bright light in the kitchen. For some moments she lay still, watching the reflection through the transom.

The smoke had danger threatened her and she prepared to return to sleep.

Major Ziegenhein lives at 3231 South Thirtieth street, and upon hearing the smoke and Henry's alarm, so that the reflection from the fire at the Fey home shone brightly. They were up and on the street in a twinkling. The smoke was so dense they found the doors securely fastened. The entire kitchen was in flames and the fire was shooting its way rapidly along the main roof. The boys peered in at the windows, but saw no one.

With the assistance of the club they pried open the back door and dashed in.

Smoke and fire whirled through the room, blinding the lads and scorching their clothing. The few moments of smoke was sufficient to the door of the sleeping apartment.

This had barely been accomplished when Fey staggered into the room, followed by his wife, a son, a daughter, who was frantic with fright and clung wildly to her husband.

"My children! The children!" she cried.

"Where are they?" shouted Eugene Ziegenhein.

The German pointed to a door and fell over in Fey's arms.

The fire was gaining headway rapidly and had pierced the roof, completing the drama started by the open door. Quick action was imperative.

Fey made for the air, with his wife in his arms, and the Ziegenhein boys ran into the kitchen, where they found the tots in their arms, the father met them half way and in this manner all were rescued from the building before the department arrived.

The house was gutted, and most of the furniture destroyed. Fey is profuse in praise of the Ziegenhein sons, but he had it not for their timely arrival and brave action he and his family would have perished in the flames.

Tuesday morning Fey found a brown bottle, near where the fire is supposed to have originated. He says it smelled of kerosene, which the fire was indeed of diary origin. He claims to have well founded suspicions as to who would wreak such a horrible vengeance.

We are selling in our Clothing De-
partment Fine Clothing for Men,
Youths and Boys at lower prices than
any other Clothing House in St. Louis.

STRONG TALK, BUT TRUTHFUL.

We make in our building all of the
Clothing which we offer for sale in
our

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Thus we own it at the very lowest
possible cost and consequently we are
selling more Fine Clothing than any of
our competitors.

STRONG TALK, BUT TRUTHFUL
MILLS & AVERILL,
Broadway and Pine.

FLOSSIE SANDERS MISSING.
Fifteen-Year-Old Girl Has Disappeared
From Home.

Flossie Sanders, a 15-year-old girl, has
been missing from her home, 2027 Franklin
avenue, since early Monday morning.

She is described as being especially well
developed, a beauty of the blonde type,
dressed in a light, flowing, gay, sailor hat.
Joseph Sanders, father of the missing girl,
has asked the police to locate her.

DON'T FAIL

To Strengthen the Nerves and Purify the
Blood This Spring.

Of course, you
will have to take
something for
your blood this
spring. It is a
foolish risk to
do otherwise.
Maybe you are
subject to chronic
disease during
the winter, which
keeps you down. Per-
haps you have
had a gripe,

from which you have never fully recovered. Your blood may be out of order, or possibly you are anaemic or constipated, nervous or dull, sleepless or languid, restless or tired; at any rate, whatever may be your condition, you ought to, and probably will, take some spring medicine—something to invigorate, something to cleanse, something to strengthen. Those

select Pe-ru-na run no risk, as this
covers the whole ground. It is
(if not entirely) internal remedy
and catarrh. It cures hundreds of
that have resisted every
treatment. Victims of the after-ef-
fects of Pe-ru-na have a specific.

Pe-ru-na has no superior;
strengthens the nerves,
and invigorates the
taste. Pe-ru-na never
specific, sleep well,
our blood. M. B.

Fourth street
was suffering
prostration,
"itated," I
lief.

Manufact-
o, for a

BURIAL PERMITS.

Jennie Davis, 4140 Drexel; pneumonia.
John Calla, 22 City Hospital; suicide.

Rosina Hezel, 64, 1510 N. 9th; lung trouble.

Frederick, 33, 1510 W. Jefferson; pneumonia.

Heinrich Lestermann, 16, 3311 Itasca; consumption.

Augusta Klaumann, 50, 2718 Salina; cancer.

Wm. Donahue, 21, City Hospital; cancer.

John C. Klausmann, 8005 S. Broadway; scrofula.

John C. Klausmann, 8005 S.